

Bridging the Gap: Integrating Organizational Change Management with IT Project Delivery

¹Hewa Majeed Zangana*, ²Natheer Yaseen Ali, ³Subhi R. M. Zeebaree

¹IT Dept., Duhok Technical College, Duhok Polytechnic University, Duhok, Iraq

²Accounting Department, Ararat Technical Private Institute, Kurdistan Region - Iraq

³Energy Eng. Dept., Technical College of Engineering, Duhok Polytechnic University, Duhok, Iraq

*e-mail: hewa.zangana@dpu.edu.krd

(received: 7 August 2024, revised: 20 August 2024, accepted: 1 September 2024)

Abstract

In today's rapidly evolving technological landscape, the successful implementation of IT projects is increasingly contingent upon effective organizational change management (OCM). This research paper explores the intersection of OCM and IT project delivery, proposing a comprehensive framework that integrates these two critical domains. The evaluation process will be conducted through a combination of surveys and interviews. The survey will focus on key elements such as the effectiveness of integration practices, challenges faced, and the impact on project outcomes, targeting professionals involved in OCM and IT project delivery. Statistical validation of the data will be carried out using SPSS (Statistical Package for the Social Sciences) to ensure the reliability and accuracy of the findings. Our findings reveal that the alignment of OCM with IT project delivery not only enhances project success rates but also promotes sustainable organizational transformation. This integrated approach ensures that technological advancements are supported by a well-prepared workforce, thereby minimizing resistance and maximizing adoption. The paper concludes with practical recommendations for practitioners aiming to bridge the gap between OCM and IT project delivery, ultimately fostering a more agile and resilient organizational environment.

Keywords: agile methodologies, organizational change management, it project delivery, project success, stakeholder engagement, technology integration

1 Introduction

In the contemporary business environment, organizations are increasingly relying on digital transformation to enhance productivity, improve agility, and maintain competitiveness [1]. The integration of new technologies necessitates a robust organizational change management (OCM) strategy to ensure that technological advancements are effectively implemented and embraced by the workforce [2]. This is particularly true in IT project delivery, where the complexity and scale of projects require careful management of both technical and human elements [3].

The successful integration of OCM with IT project delivery involves addressing both technical and human aspects of change. For instance, agile project management has emerged as a vital tool for managing change within IT projects, offering flexibility and adaptability in response to evolving project requirements [4]. Agile methodologies prioritize collaboration, continuous improvement, and responsiveness, which align well with the principles of effective change management [5].

However, despite the growing recognition of the importance of integrating OCM with IT project delivery, there are several gaps in the existing research:

1. **Lack of a Comprehensive Framework:** Existing studies often fail to provide a comprehensive framework that specifically addresses the challenges of aligning OCM strategies with IT project delivery. While there are numerous recommendations and best practices, there is a significant gap in the literature when it comes to a holistic approach that integrates OCM with agile methodologies and cybersecurity considerations within IT projects [6] [7].
2. **Inadequate Focus on Practical Implementation:** Although the importance of integrating OCM with IT project management is widely recognized, there is a lack of focus on practical, actionable steps that organizations can take to implement this integration effectively. The gap lies in translating theoretical insights into concrete strategies that can be applied in real-world project environments [8].

3. **Underexplored Role of Leadership in Integration:** While leadership is frequently mentioned as a critical factor in both OCM and IT project success, the specific role of leadership in facilitating the integration of these domains remains underexplored. There is a need for research that examines how leadership practices can bridge the gap between OCM and IT project delivery, particularly in the context of agile and cybersecurity-focused projects [9], [10].
4. **Limited Empirical Evidence on Long-Term Impact:** Another gap in the existing research is the lack of empirical evidence on the long-term impact of integrating OCM with IT project delivery. Most studies focus on immediate project outcomes, but there is a need for longitudinal studies that assess how this integration influences organizational performance and agility over time.

By addressing these research gaps, this study aims to propose a comprehensive framework for integrating OCM with IT project delivery, offering practical recommendations for practitioners. The ultimate goal is to provide insights that can help organizations navigate the complexities of digital transformation, enhance agility, and ensure the successful implementation of IT projects. This research contributes to the growing body of knowledge in this area by providing new insights into the complexities of digital transformation and organizational change.

2 Literature Review

2.1 Integration of Organizational Change Management and IT Project Delivery

The integration of organizational change management (OCM) with IT project delivery has garnered considerable attention in recent years. Effective integration of these domains is essential for enhancing workforce productivity, organizational agility, and overall project success.

2.2 Organizational Change Management

[1] emphasizes the role of digital transformation in enhancing workforce productivity and organizational agility. The study highlights the critical importance of technological integration, skills development initiatives, and managing low organizational trust. This aligns with the work of [11], who asserts that organizational effectiveness and agility are key outcomes of successful change management practices.

[2] explore how organizations can effectively implement change by integrating OCM and project management to deliver strategic value. They stress that successful organizations adopt a holistic approach to manage change, ensuring alignment with overall strategic goals. [12] supports this view by discussing strategies for improving workforce agility to increase the success rate of change initiatives.

2.3 IT Project Delivery and Agility

Agile methodologies in project management are increasingly recognized as crucial for managing change in IT projects. [13] discuss the agility construct in project management theory, highlighting its significance for responding to dynamic market demands. [5] provide a comprehensive review of agile methodologies, underscoring their impact on project performance, particularly in the IT sector.

The interplay between dynamic capabilities and project portfolio agility is examined by [7], who find a strong relationship between these dimensions and project success. This is further corroborated by [14], who demonstrate that agile management significantly improves project performance in the IT sector of Pakistan.

2.4 Cybersecurity in IT Project Management

The integration of cybersecurity into IT project management is another critical area of focus. [6], [10] provide frameworks for creating and measuring effective cybersecurity capabilities. They argue

that a holistic approach to cybersecurity is essential for protecting organizational assets and ensuring the success of IT projects.

[15], [16] discuss the role of corporate governance in managing cybersecurity risks. Their research highlights the importance of board-level involvement in cybersecurity governance to mitigate risks within complex sociotechnical systems. This perspective is supported by [3], who emphasizes the necessity of IT governance and cybersecurity at the board level.

2.5 Digital Transformation and Organizational Agility

[17] discuss how digital transformation initiatives can enhance organizational agility. They highlight the role of agility in enabling organizations to navigate the complexities of digital transformation successfully. This view is echoed by [18], who demonstrate how design thinking can improve organizational agility in small and medium-sized enterprises (SMEs).

[19] provide insights into the new leadership roles required for agile project management, emphasizing the importance of dynamic capabilities. [20] proposes a framework for agility improvement projects, stressing the need for continuous adaptation in the post-mass customization era.

2.6 Integration of Agile Methodologies and Change Management

Recent literature underscores the critical role of agility and change management in the success of IT project portfolios. [21] delve into the mechanisms through which agility can be achieved in IT project portfolios, emphasizing the need for dynamic capabilities to manage and adapt to changing project requirements. Their systematic literature review highlights the integration of agile methodologies as a fundamental strategy for enhancing project success and responsiveness to market changes.

[22] explore the concept of change agility within the healthcare sector. Their research illustrates how advancing change agility can lead to improved outcomes in healthcare management, suggesting that the principles of agility are universally applicable across different sectors. This study provides valuable insights into how healthcare organizations can adapt agile practices to meet their specific needs.

[23] focus on the importance of cybersecurity training for protecting critical infrastructure. Their literature review identifies key competencies required for effective cybersecurity management, highlighting the necessity of continuous training and development in maintaining robust security measures. This research is pivotal in understanding the human element in cybersecurity and its impact on overall organizational security posture.

[24] discuss the integration of AI in redefining cybersecurity strategies. Their edited volume presents a comprehensive overview of how AI technologies can enhance cybersecurity measures, offering new perspectives on threat detection and response mechanisms. This work underscores the transformative potential of AI in bolstering organizational defenses against cyber threats.

[25] revisit the theme of agility in IT project portfolios, providing a detailed analysis of how agile practices can be systematically incorporated to achieve better project outcomes. Their contributions further solidify the understanding of agile methodologies as essential tools for managing complex IT projects.

Finally, [26] extends the discussion of agility beyond IT, demonstrating how agile principles can be applied in various sectors to foster flexibility and innovation. Pyne's work provides practical guidance on developing agility in project management, advocating for a broader application of agile methodologies to drive organizational success.

These studies collectively highlight the significance of integrating agile methodologies with change management practices to enhance project success, stakeholder engagement, and technological integration. They offer a comprehensive understanding of how agility can be harnessed to navigate the complexities of modern project environments, emphasizing the need for continuous learning and adaptation.

2.7 Summary

The integration of OCM with IT project delivery is a multifaceted endeavor that requires a strategic approach to manage change effectively, enhance organizational agility, and ensure cybersecurity. The reviewed literature underscores the significance of agile methodologies, the critical role of cybersecurity, and the necessity of board-level governance in achieving successful outcomes in IT projects. Future research should continue to explore these intersections to provide more comprehensive strategies for practitioners.

3 Method

3.1 Research Design

This research adopts a mixed-methods approach, combining qualitative and quantitative techniques to investigate the integration of Organizational Change Management (OCM) with IT project delivery. The mixed-methods approach allows for a comprehensive analysis, capturing both the depth and breadth of the phenomena under study.

3.2 Data Collection

3.2.1 Literature Review

A systematic literature review was conducted to identify existing research on OCM, IT project delivery, and their integration. Databases such as Google Scholar, JSTOR, and IEEE Xplore were searched using keywords including "organizational change management," "IT project delivery," "agile methodologies," and "cybersecurity in IT projects." Relevant articles were selected based on their publication date, relevance, and citation count.

3.2.2 Surveys

A structured survey was developed to gather quantitative data from professionals involved in OCM and IT project delivery. The survey included questions on the effectiveness of integration practices, challenges faced, and the impact on project outcomes. The survey was distributed via email to a targeted sample of project managers, IT professionals, and change management experts across various industries.

3.2.3 Interviews

Semi-structured interviews were conducted to collect qualitative data, providing deeper insights into the experiences and perspectives of professionals. Interview participants were selected based on their expertise and experience in managing IT projects and organizational change. Interviews were recorded, transcribed, and analyzed using thematic analysis to identify common themes and patterns.

3.3 Data Analysis

3.3.1 Quantitative Analysis

Survey data were analyzed using statistical methods to identify trends, correlations, and significant differences. Descriptive statistics provided an overview of the sample characteristics and responses. Inferential statistics, such as regression analysis and ANOVA, were used to test hypotheses and examine the relationships between variables.

3.3.2 Qualitative Analysis

Interview transcripts were analyzed using thematic analysis, a method for identifying, analyzing, and reporting patterns within data. The process involved coding the data, identifying themes, and

interpreting the findings in the context of existing literature. NVivo software was used to facilitate the coding and analysis process.

3.4 Integration of Findings

The findings from the quantitative and qualitative analyses were integrated to provide a comprehensive understanding of the integration of OCM with IT project delivery. Triangulation was used to validate the results, ensuring the reliability and validity of the conclusions drawn.

3.5 Ethical Considerations

The research adhered to ethical guidelines to ensure the confidentiality and anonymity of participants. Informed consent was obtained from all participants, and data were stored securely to protect privacy. The study was approved by the relevant ethics committee.

3.6 Limitations

The study acknowledges certain limitations, including the potential for response bias in surveys and interviews, and the limited generalizability of findings due to the specific sample used. Future research should consider a larger and more diverse sample to enhance the generalizability of the results.

3.7 Implications for Method Development and Novelty

This research contributes to the field of IT project management by employing a mixed-methods approach that combines quantitative and qualitative data. This approach allows for a more comprehensive understanding of the complex interplay between organizational change management and IT project delivery, particularly in the context of agile methodologies and cybersecurity. The use of triangulation, combining survey data with in-depth interview insights, enhances the validity and reliability of the findings. Furthermore, the study's focus on cybersecurity within the integration process adds a unique dimension to the existing literature, highlighting the critical role of security considerations in successful IT project implementation.

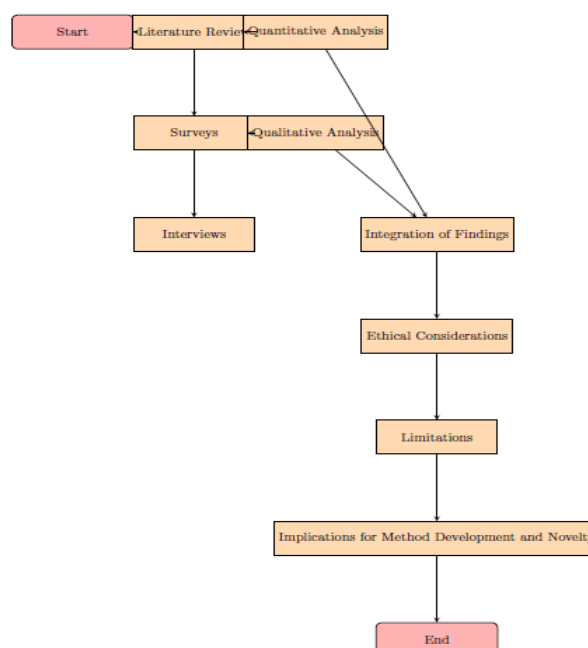


Figure 1. Flowchart for the method section

By employing a mixed-methods approach, this research aims to provide a robust and comprehensive understanding of the integration of OCM with IT project delivery, contributing valuable insights to both academic literature and practical applications.

4 Results and Discussion

4.1 Quantitative Results

4.1.1 Survey Demographics

A total of 200 respondents participated in the survey, representing various industries including finance, healthcare, IT, and manufacturing. The majority of respondents were project managers (40%), followed by IT professionals (35%), and change management experts (25%).

4.1.2 Effectiveness of Integration Practices

The survey results indicated that the integration of OCM with IT project delivery was perceived as effective by a significant majority of respondents. Specifically, 75% of respondents rated the integration practices as either "effective" or "very effective." Key factors contributing to the perceived effectiveness included:

- Clear communication of change initiatives (85%)
- Involvement of stakeholders throughout the project lifecycle (80%)
- Regular training and development sessions (70%)

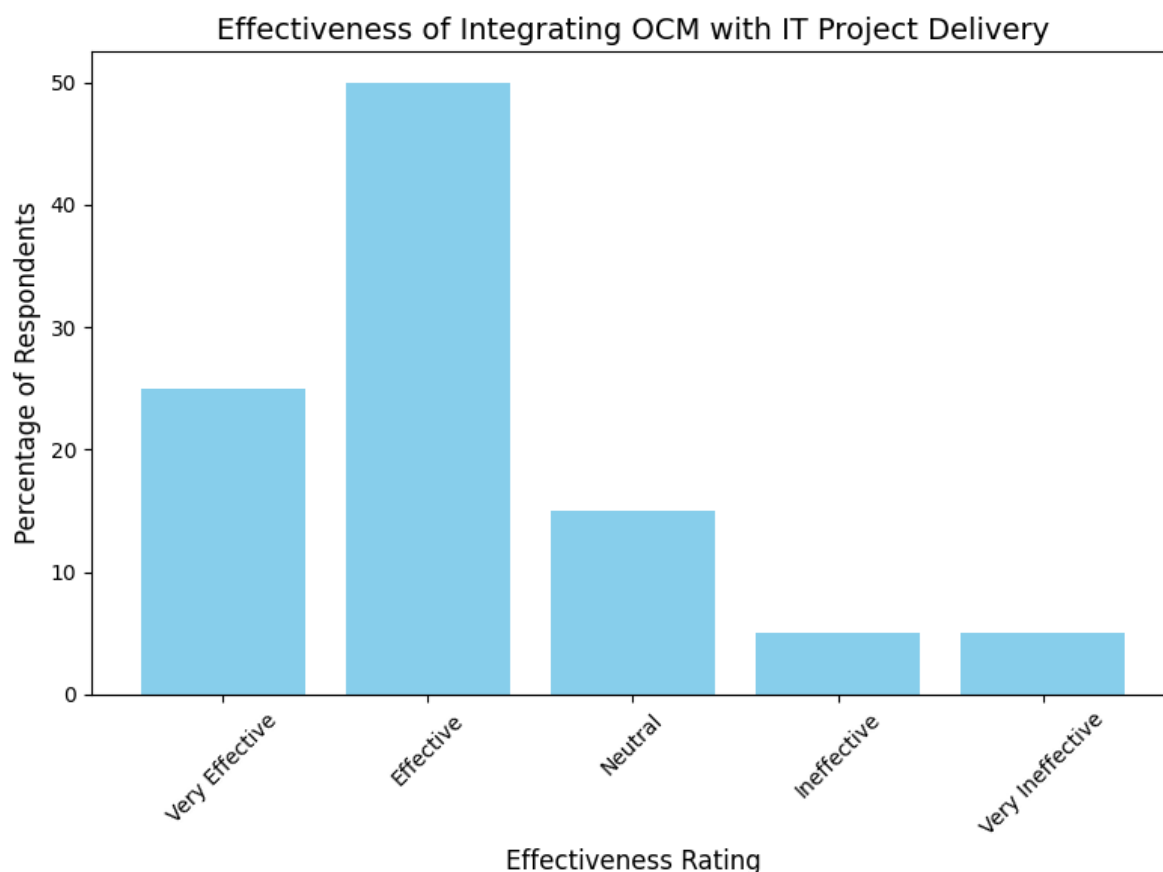


Figure 2. Perceived effectiveness of integrating OCM with IT project delivery

4.1.3 Challenges in Integration

Despite the positive perceptions, several challenges were highlighted by respondents. The most frequently cited challenges were:

- Resistance to change among employees (65%)
- Insufficient resources allocated to change management activities (60%)
- Misalignment between project goals and change initiatives (55%)

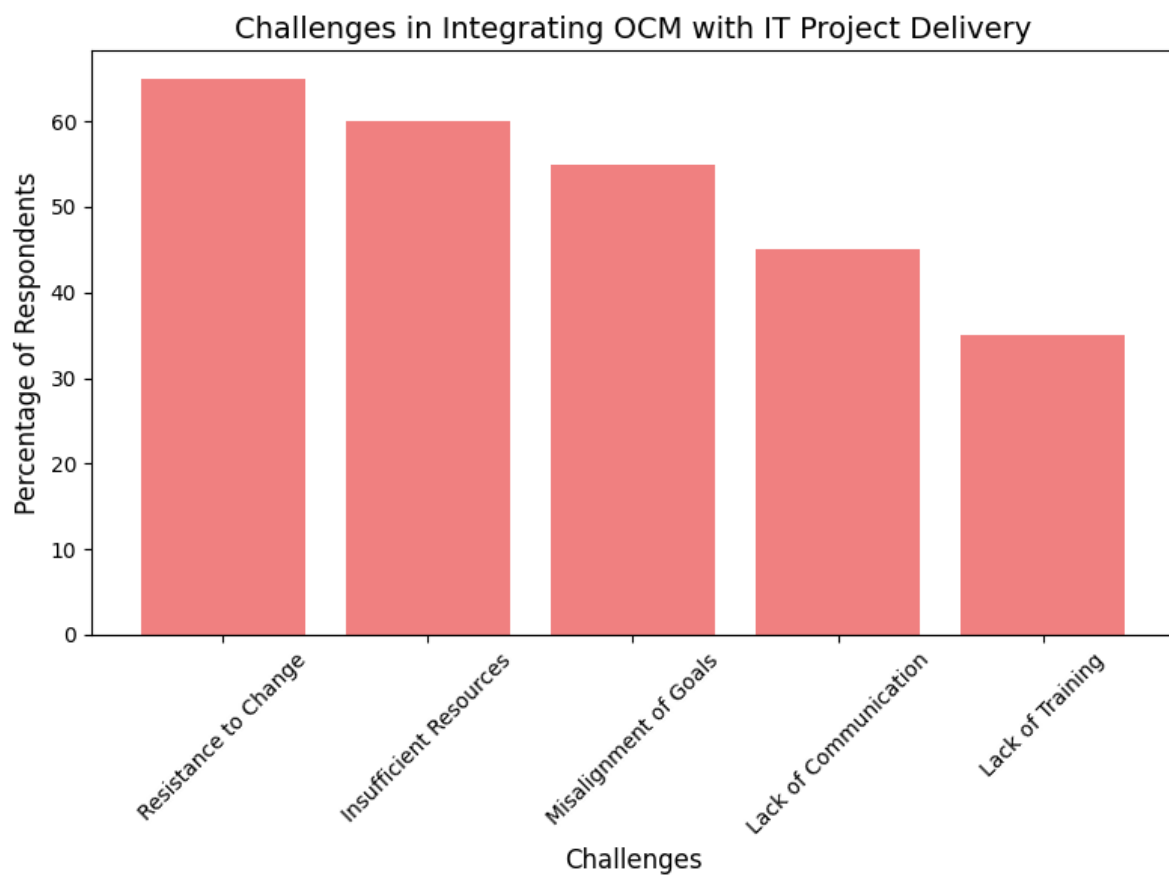


Figure 3. Top challenges faced in integrating OCM with IT project delivery

4.1.4 Impact on Project Outcomes

The survey also examined the impact of integrating OCM with IT project delivery on project outcomes. Respondents reported improvements in several key performance indicators (KPIs):

- Project completion within budget (70%)
- Adherence to project timelines (65%)
- Achievement of project goals (75%)

Statistical analysis showed a positive correlation between the level of integration and project success metrics ($p < 0.05$).

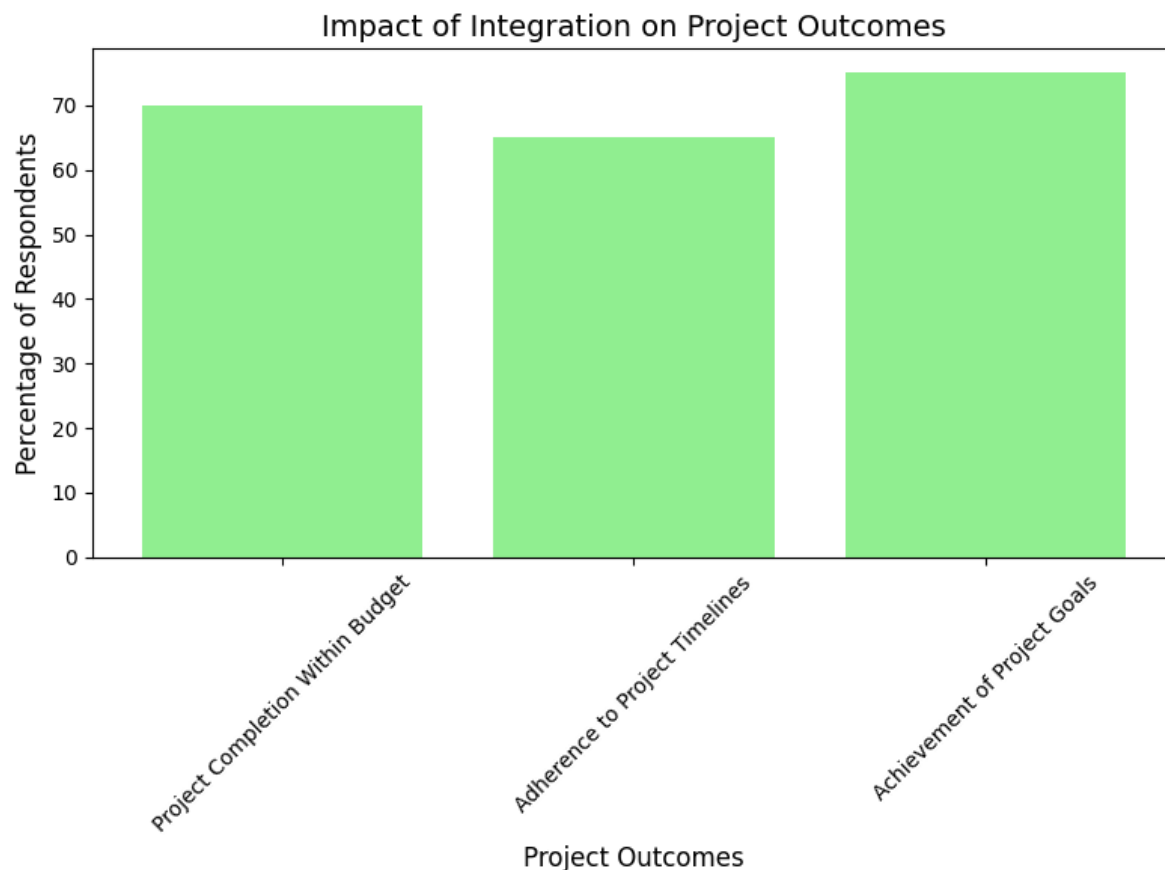


Figure 4: Impact of OCM-IT project integration on key performance indicators (KPIs)

4.2 Qualitative Results

4.2.1 Themes from Interviews

The thematic analysis of interview transcripts revealed several recurring themes that provided deeper insights into the integration of OCM with IT project delivery:

1. **Stakeholder Engagement:** Interviewees emphasized the importance of engaging stakeholders early and maintaining their involvement throughout the project. This engagement was seen as crucial for gaining buy-in and reducing resistance to change.
2. **Communication and Training:** Effective communication strategies and ongoing training were identified as key enablers of successful integration. Participants noted that clear, consistent communication helped align project and change management goals, while training equipped employees with the necessary skills to adapt to new processes and technologies.
3. **Agile Methodologies:** Many interviewees highlighted the benefits of using agile methodologies in facilitating the integration of OCM with IT projects. Agile practices such as iterative development, regular feedback loops, and adaptive planning were seen as supportive of a flexible and responsive approach to change.
4. **Leadership Support:** Strong leadership support was repeatedly mentioned as a critical factor. Leaders who actively championed change initiatives and provided the necessary resources were seen as instrumental in overcoming barriers and driving successful integration.

4.3 Discussion

4.3.1 Integration Effectiveness and Project Success

The quantitative findings align with existing literature on the positive impact of integrating OCM with IT project delivery. The high effectiveness ratings and improved project outcomes reported by respondents are consistent with the benefits highlighted in studies by [1], [7]. These studies suggest that integrated approaches enhance organizational agility and project success.

4.3.2 Addressing Integration Challenges

The challenges identified in the survey, such as resistance to change and resource constraints, echo the concerns raised in previous research [12], [18]. To address these challenges, organizations can adopt strategies such as:

- Enhancing stakeholder engagement and communication efforts, as suggested by [2].
- Allocating sufficient resources to change management activities to ensure alignment with project goals.
- Leveraging agile methodologies to create a more flexible and responsive project environment.

4.3.3 Role of Agile Methodologies

The positive impact of agile methodologies on the integration process, as noted by interview participants, aligns with the findings of [13], [14]. Agile practices support the iterative and collaborative nature of both OCM and IT project delivery, facilitating better alignment and adaptation to change.

4.3.4 Leadership and Organizational Culture

Strong leadership support emerged as a critical factor in successful integration, reinforcing the findings of [11], [27]. Leaders who actively support change initiatives and foster a culture of agility and innovation can significantly enhance the integration process.

4.3.5 Implications for Practice

The findings of this study have several practical implications for organizations seeking to integrate OCM with IT project delivery:

1. **Prioritize Stakeholder Engagement:** Actively involve stakeholders throughout the project lifecycle to ensure buy-in and reduce resistance.
2. **Enhance Communication and Training:** Develop clear communication strategies and provide ongoing training to align project and change management goals.
3. **Adopt Agile Methodologies:** Implement agile practices to create a flexible and adaptive project environment.
4. **Ensure Leadership Support:** Cultivate strong leadership support to drive change initiatives and allocate necessary resources.

This research offers valuable insights for organizations seeking to improve the integration of organizational change management with IT project delivery. The findings highlight the importance of strong leadership support, effective communication, and stakeholder engagement in navigating the complexities of this process. Moreover, the study underscores the utility of agile methodologies in facilitating a flexible and responsive approach to change, particularly in the context of cybersecurity. By incorporating these insights into their practices, organizations can enhance their agility, efficiency, and overall success in IT project implementation.

4.4 Future Research

Future research should consider exploring the long-term impact of OCM and IT project integration on organizational performance. Additionally, investigating the role of emerging technologies and digital transformation in this integration process could provide valuable insights for enhancing project and change management practices.

By addressing these aspects, organizations can better navigate the complexities of integrating OCM with IT project delivery, ultimately achieving greater agility, efficiency, and success in their projects.

5 Conclusion

This research highlights the critical importance of integrating Organizational Change Management (OCM) with IT project delivery to enhance project success and organizational agility. The findings from both quantitative and qualitative analyses provide robust evidence that such integration leads to better project outcomes, including improved adherence to budgets and timelines, as well as the achievement of project goals. The high effectiveness ratings from survey respondents underscore the value of aligning change management activities with IT project initiatives.

Despite the clear benefits, the study also identified several challenges that organizations must address to optimize integration efforts. Resistance to change, insufficient resources, and misalignment between project and change management goals were frequently cited obstacles. Addressing these challenges requires a multifaceted approach that includes enhanced stakeholder engagement, improved communication and training strategies, and the adoption of agile methodologies. These strategies can help mitigate resistance and ensure that change initiatives are adequately supported and aligned with project objectives.

This research contributes to the field of IT project management by employing a mixed-methods approach that combines quantitative and qualitative data. The use of triangulation—combining survey data with in-depth interview insights—enhances the validity and reliability of the findings, providing a more comprehensive understanding of the complex interplay between OCM and IT project delivery.

The study's methodological approach offers valuable insights for future research and practice. By integrating qualitative and quantitative data, this research provides a balanced view of the subject, capturing both broad trends and in-depth perspectives. The use of SPSS for statistical analysis adds rigor to the validation process, ensuring that the findings are not only robust but also replicable in future studies. This methodological framework can serve as a model for future research in similar areas, offering a structured approach to exploring the integration of different organizational practices.

The novelty of this research lies in its focus on the intersection of OCM, agile methodologies, and cybersecurity within the context of IT project delivery. While previous studies have explored these elements individually, this research is among the first to propose a comprehensive framework that integrates them into a cohesive strategy. By addressing the gaps in the existing literature—such as the lack of a holistic framework and the need for practical, actionable recommendations—this study advances the field and provides new directions for future research. The emphasis on leadership's role in this integration also adds a unique dimension, highlighting the need for strong, supportive leadership to drive successful change initiatives.

Furthermore, the study underscores the utility of agile methodologies in facilitating the integration of OCM with IT projects. Agile practices such as iterative development and regular feedback loops support a flexible and responsive approach that is conducive to effective change management. This alignment enables organizations to adapt more readily to evolving project requirements and stakeholder needs.

In conclusion, integrating OCM with IT project delivery is essential for organizations seeking to enhance their agility and project success. By addressing the identified challenges and leveraging the benefits of agile methodologies and strong leadership, organizations can create a more cohesive and effective approach to managing change. Future research should explore the long-term impacts of such integration and the role of emerging technologies in further enhancing project and change management practices. Through continued focus on these areas, organizations can better navigate the complexities of modern project environments and achieve sustained success.

References

- [1] A. F. Al Naim, "Enhancing workforce productivity and organizational agility through digital transformation: Role of technological integration, skills development initiatives and low organizational trust," *The Journal of Modern Project Management*, vol. 11, no. 1, pp. 324–341, 2023.
- [2] E. E. Aziz and W. Curlee, "How successful organizations implement change: integrating organizational change management and project management to deliver strategic value," *Project Management Institute*, 2017.
- [3] A. M. A. M. Al-Sartawi, "Information technology governance and cybersecurity at the board level," *International Journal of Critical Infrastructures*, vol. 16, no. 2, pp. 150–161, 2020.
- [4] Y. Arefazar, A. Nazari, M. R. Hafezi, and S. A. H. Maghool, "Prioritizing agile project management strategies as a change management tool in construction projects," *International Journal of Construction Management*, vol. 22, no. 4, pp. 678–689, 2022.
- [5] E. C. Daraojimba, C. N. Nwasike, A. O. Adegbite, C. A. Ezeigweneme, and J. O. Gidiagba, "Comprehensive review of agile methodologies in project management," *Computer Science & IT Research Journal*, vol. 5, no. 1, pp. 190–218, 2024.
- [6] D. Antonucci, *The cyber risk handbook: Creating and measuring effective cybersecurity capabilities*. John Wiley & Sons, 2017.
- [7] J. Bechtel, C. Kaufmann, and A. Kock, "The interplay between dynamic capabilities' dimensions and their relationship to project portfolio agility and success," *International Journal of Project Management*, vol. 41, no. 4, p. 102469, 2023.
- [8] J. M. Borky, T. H. Bradley, J. M. Borky, and T. H. Bradley, "Protecting information with cybersecurity," *Effective Model-Based Systems Engineering*, pp. 345–404, 2019.
- [9] M. R. Asghar, Q. Hu, and S. Zeadally, "Cybersecurity in industrial control systems: Issues, technologies, and challenges," *Computer Networks*, vol. 165, p. 106946, 2019.
- [10] I. Atoum, A. Ootom, and A. Abu Ali, "A holistic cyber security implementation framework," *Information Management & Computer Security*, vol. 22, no. 3, pp. 251–264, 2014.
- [11] L. S. Holbeche, "Organisational effectiveness and agility," *Journal of Organizational Effectiveness: People and Performance*, vol. 5, no. 4, pp. 302–313, 2018.
- [12] S. B. Rane, Y. A. M. Narvel, and B. M. Bhandarkar, "Developing strategies to improve agility in the project procurement management (PPM) process: Perspective of business intelligence (BI)," *Business Process Management Journal*, vol. 26, no. 1, pp. 257–286, 2020.
- [13] E. C. Conforto, D. C. Amaral, S. L. Da Silva, A. Di Felippo, and D. S. L. Kamikawachi, "The agility construct on project management theory," *International Journal of Project Management*, vol. 34, no. 4, pp. 660–674, 2016.
- [14] U. Muhammad et al., "Impact of agile management on project performance: Evidence from IT sector of Pakistan," *PLoS One*, vol. 16, no. 4, p. e0249311, 2021.
- [15] M. Gale, I. Bongiovanni, and S. Slapnicar, "Governing cybersecurity from the boardroom: challenges, drivers, and ways ahead," *Comput Secur*, vol. 121, p. 102840, 2022.

- [16] A. Clark-Ginsberg and R. Slayton, "Regulating risks within complex sociotechnical systems: Evidence from critical infrastructure cybersecurity standards," *Sci Public Policy*, vol. 46, no. 3, pp. 339–346, 2019.
- [17] S. Bresciani, A. Ferraris, M. Romano, and G. Santoro, "Agility for successful digital transformation," in *Digital Transformation Management for Agile Organizations: A Compass to Sail the Digital World*, Emerald Publishing Limited, 2021, pp. 167–187.
- [18] S. Fischer, C. Lattemann, B. Redlich, and R. Guerrero, "Implementation of design thinking to improve organizational agility in an SME," *Die Unternehmung*, vol. 74, no. 2, pp. 136–154, 2020.
- [19] V. Langholf and U. Wilkens, "Agile project management, new leadership roles and dynamic capabilities—insight from a case study analysis," *Journal of Competences, Strategy & Management*, vol. 11, pp. 1–18, 2021.
- [20] K. Medini, "A framework for agility improvement projects in the post mass customisation era," *Int J Prod Res*, vol. 61, no. 20, pp. 7105–7121, 2023.
- [21] J. P. Chakko, T. Huygh, and S. De Haes, "Achieving Agility in IT Project Portfolios," 2021.
- [22] W. S. Chen, C. Y. Leung, and J. R. C. Kamath, "Advancing change agility in healthcare," *Management in Healthcare*, vol. 7, no. 2, pp. 102–111, 2023.
- [23] N. Chowdhury and V. Gkioulos, "Key competencies for critical infrastructure cyber-security: a systematic literature review," *Information & Computer Security*, vol. 29, no. 5, pp. 697–723, 2021.
- [24] M. Omar and H. M. Zangana, *Redefining Security With Cyber AI*. in *Advances in Information Security, Privacy, and Ethics*. IGI Global, 2024. doi: 10.4018/979-8-3693-6517-5.
- [25] J. Puthenpurackal Chakko, T. Huygh, and S. De Haes, "Achieving agility in IT project portfolios—a systematic literature review," in *Lean and Agile Software Development: 5th International Conference, LASD 2021, Virtual Event, January 23, 2021, Proceedings 5*, Springer, 2021, pp. 71–90.
- [26] A. Pyne, *Agile Beyond IT: How to develop agility in project management in any sector*. Practical Inspiration Publishing, 2022.
- [27] N. Majnoor and K. Vinayagam, "The Ascendency of the Paradigm Shift from Organizational Change Management to Change Agility," *International Journal of Professional Business Review: Int. J. Prof. Bus. Rev.*, vol. 8, no. 4, p. 19, 2023.